## Nombre \_\_\_ Guided Notes for Indirect Object Pronouns Video

Go onto the website under 6/5 and watch the video on IOPs. Fill in the notes below using the information from the video. The notes go in order. Parte A. Simple Sentence Structure What is a subject? What is a verb? action/word conjugated What is a direct object? (WRITE DOWN BOTH BOXES)

Operson / Thing directly affected by the action No? @ LOOK @ verb-ask yourself "who?" or What is an indirect object? (WRITE DOWN BOTH BOXES) Operson/Ming indirectly affected by the action No: whom an action is done Parte B. Label the parts of the sentence. Just write the letter underneath the part of speech. Follow the example. Some sentences do not have all parts. Subject (S) Indirect Object (IO) Direct Object (DO) Verb (V) Indirect Object Pronoun (IOP) EX: Ms. D'Andrea gives us homework. S 10 DO Andrea talked to her mother and father.

Andrea talked to them.

I have to buy tickets for my friends.

I have to buy tickets for them.

I have to buy them tickets.

Parte C. What are the Indirect Object Pronouns (IOPs)?

English Meaning Spanish Meaning

tolfor me	me
to/for you	te
to/for her you (formal)	1e
to/for US	nos
to/for you all (Spain)	os
to/for them	les

Parte D. What are the "words of emphasis" in Spanish? WE WILL REFER TO THESE AS INDIRECT OBJECTS. THEY ARE IMPORTANT AND REQUIRED EVERY SINGLE TIME!

a mí	a nosotros/a nombre y amí
a ti	a vosotros
a él/a ella/a ud./a nombre	aellos/a ellas/a uds./a nombre y
	a nombre

## Parte E. When have you used IOs & IOPs before? (Kind of in the video & kind of in your brain) Verbs like What is ALWAYS your sentence structure with this grammar concept? Use S, V, IO, & IOP ^^^This is always the sentence structure because this grammar concept is IRREGULAR!! **HOWEVER** We are now talking about REGULAR VERBS! How do we use IOs & IOPs with regular verbs? Parte F. Placement of IOPs. Ms. D'Andrea gives us homework. #1- The IOP goes \_ the conjugated verb if there's one verb. Ex: Srta. D'Andrea\_ da tarea a nosotros Are YOU allowed to get rid of the a nosotros? Sí o no In a DVP, the IOP can go verore the conjugated verb, but there is also a second option. the infinitive in a double verb phrase (DVP). #2- The IOP can also go (1+1+1) Ex: El auxiliar de vuelo tiene que dar refrescos. El auxiliar del vuelo tiene que dar If the IOP is attached to the infinitive, the IOP and infinitive are ONE WORD! ^^^This is going to be the way you are REQUIRED to write IOPs with DVPs! \*Stop the video at 16:00. Parte G. Práctica. I. Based on the notes you just took, complete with correct/indirect object pronoun. pregunta: <<¿Quieres ir al médico?>> Yo estoy muy enfermo. Mi madre (1) \_ contesto que sí. Vamos juntos al consultorio. El médico

a mí y a mi madre. Yo (4) explico mis síntomas al médico. El médico (5) receta unos medicamentos y mi madre y yo vamos a la farmacia.
II. Underline the indirect object in these sentences.
You give the book to me.
I give the book to María.
She gives the book to you all.
You all give the book to us.  The standard of the pay to pay the standard of the pay the standard of the stand
III. Escribe en inglés.  A REMITOVI THE VEN
1. La enfermera te habla.=  The Murse talks to you.
2. El médico me da un examen físico. =  The doctor gives me a physical exam.
3. El médico le receta un antibiótico a mi hermano. =  The doctor prescribes an antibiótic to my brothe
IV. Escribe en español.
1. The doctor listens to me. = El médico me escucha a mi.
2. The nurse talks to us. =  La enfermera nos habla a nosotros.  S IOP V IO
3. The doctor talks to her. =  El médico le habla a ella.  TOP V TO
We will review the answers to this practice on the block day!
At this point you should be familiar with: sentence structure, indirect objects in Spanish, indirect object pronouns in Spanish, and where to place IOPs in sentences.  You should also be able to use IOS & TOPs with regular & irregular (VLGs) Verbs.